TREASURY PENSIONS MANUAL
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Whilst every effort is made to ensure that the manual is updated, employees are nonetheless requested to refer to the Pensions Ordinance 1937, the provisions of which will prevail.
- This manual was first published in September 2013
- Version 2 (V2) has been issued in November 2015
- Version 3 (V3) has been issued in April 2016
- Version 3.1 (V3.1) has been issued in May 2016
- Version 4 (V4) is correct as on January 2017
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Officers who joined the Public Service of Malta prior to 15th January 1979 and were appointed to a pensionable office, a non-pensionable office or engaged temporarily and are eligible according to law, are entitled to a Treasury Pension when they retire from the public service.
This manual brings together in user-friendly format the salient points of the legal instrument namely: the Pensions Ordinance 1937, on which the policy is based and the relevant procedures to be followed for the award of a Treasury Pension.

This manual will be kept updated with any amendments made to the law or the procedures that are followed.

1.1 How to use this manual

This manual is intended to inform officers entitled to a treasury pension of their rights and entitlements, and the obligations that have to be fulfilled in order to be granted this pension.

It may also serve as a management tool for Human Resources Managers to prepare pension papers and compute pensions of officers entitled to a Treasury Pension.
2.1 Basis for the award of a pension

**Purpose**
To outline the criteria required for the grant of a pension.

**Policy**
The pension is calculated on the salary pertaining to a post within the public service. If the person applying for a pension is receiving an allowance, the allowance may be added to the salary for the calculation of the pension on a personal basis, provided that the allowance is a pensionable allowance.

**Eligibility**
A full pension is awarded after 30 years of continuous service.

**Clarification**
The pension is not awarded by right. The pension/gratuity can be suspended or reduced by the President’s approval in cases of negligence, irregularities or misconduct.

**Inquiries**
HR Manager of the employee concerned.

2.2 Bonus and income supplement

**Purpose**
To outline the bi-annual payment procedure of the bonus and income supplement payable to pensioners receiving a Treasury pension.

**Procedure**
The Treasury pays two income supplements, one in March and the other in September. Each payment amounts to €81.16.

The Treasury also pays a bonus of €135.10, twice a year, in June and December.

**Eligibility**
The bonus and income supplement are due to those pensioners who receive a Treasury pension but do not receive a Social Security pension.

**Clarification**
Pensioners who have a full time job or are self-employed are not entitled to the bonus and income supplement. These are to be paid by their employer.

**Inquiries**
Treasury (Service) Pensions at DSS.
2.3 Commuted pension

Purpose
When pensioners choose to reduce their pension by a quarter, which in turn, is converted into a gratuity.

Policy
The gratuity is composed of a quarter of the pension, multiplied by twelve and a half times. This is a set rate and cannot be changed.

Example:
€9,022.22 (2/3 pension) × \(\frac{3}{4}\) = €6,766.67 (commuted pension)
€9,022.22 - €6,766.67 = €2,255.55 × 12.5 = €28,194.44 (gratuity)

Procedure
What has to be done by the employee's department?

Pension and gratuity papers of officers retiring on attaining the age limit are to be forwarded to Treasury (Service) Pensions at DSS by their respective Department not later than three (3) months before the date of retirement. The form to be used is for the award of pensions and gratuities is General Form 61. The department has to ensure that Form GP 61 is correctly filled in and signed by both the head of the department and by the official who is to retire. This form is to be accompanied by a birth certificate and a declaration that the individual does not have any pending disciplinary cases. It is important that with these documents the department includes the choice of the individual (this can only be done by the retiring official) as explained in the following paragraph.

What has to be done by the employee, to start receiving a treasury pension?

Retiring officials have to declare in writing if they are opting for a full pension (two thirds of their salary) or if they would like to commute part of the pension as permitted by the Pensions Ordinance. This choice can only be changed up to the eve of their retirement date. As long as the retiring officials make their declaration for a change in option in the established period and their plea for change is accepted by the President, this choice can be accepted up to the date of the award of the pension.

Clarification
Granting of gratuity instead of a pension: In case the death of an eligible official occurs before he or she has made the choice, the President may still approve the award of a gratuity that the deceased would have been entitled to. The gratuity is presented to the legal heirs of the deceased official.

Inquiries
Human Resources Manager of the employee concerned.
2.4 Computation of Pensions

**Purpose**
To outline the method of calculating the pension granted to retiring officers, in various circumstances.

**Policy**
Average salary of the last three years: The pension is calculated on the last annual salary of the retiring official. In the case that there has been a change in the grade of the official in the last three years, the average salary is taken for the calculation of the pension. If the average is less than the salary the employee had prior to the change in grade, the pension is computed on the salary received prior to the change in grade.

Pension and gratuity to employees who retire after 61 years of age: In cases where public officers are requested to stay in service after their sixty-first birthday, the pension due under the Pensions Ordinance is to be calculated on the two thirds pension. However the pension must be increased by 1/80 for every year over sixty whilst the gratuity decreases by 1/80 for every year over sixty.

Pension in cases of re-instatement: If a person who retired from the public service and was receiving a regular pension, resumes working with the service a new pension and/or gratuity can be awarded as a result of this reinstatement. This pension is based on the whole reckonable service both before the break in service and also after. The amount of the gratuity already awarded is subtracted from the new gratuity.

**Clarification**
Pension of certain public officers:

The retiring pensionable emoluments of public service officials in the position of Secretary to the Cabinet, a Permanent Secretary and Headships Positions under a performance agreement, and also Ambassadors, High Commissioners or other Principal Representatives of Malta, who were appointed from the public service in terms of article 111(1) of the Constitution and who prior to such appointment were eligible for appointment for Head of Department in terms of Article 92(4) of the Constitution, who retire from their position shall be their whole salary on retirement. This is subject to having served for at least (12) months in such an office or retire from the Public Service after having served for a term of three (3) years, the salary considered for pension purposes can be tied to the highest or higher of the positions mentioned. It is to be mentioned that in the case of officers retiring from a Headship position under a performance agreement pensionable emoluments to be taken are subject to creditable performance. In the case of Heads of Department and Permanent Secretaries this has to be certified by the Principal Permanent Secretary.

**Inquiries**
HR Manager of the employee concerned.
2.5  Eligibility for a treasury pension

Purpose  
To specify who qualifies for a treasury pension.

Policy  
Officers who qualify for a treasury pension are:

a) all government employees who started service with government before 15th January 1979;

b) Police, AFM personnel, Correctional Facilities officials and members of the Civil Protection;

c) Widows of public officers who held a pensionable post and who contributed to the widows pension scheme; and

d) Members of Parliament,

e) Members of the Judiciary and the Attorney General.

Public officers as per (a) above are eligible to receive a treasury pension only if they were employed with government before 15th January 1979 and the service rendered was continuous.

Procedure  
The pension awarded cannot exceed two thirds of the highest income ever received by the officer.

A worked example of the pension to be granted to an officer who has a salary of €14,000 and has thirty years or more reckonable service with government, is as follows:

\[
30 \text{ years} \times 12 \text{ months} \times \€14,000.00 = \€9,333.33
\]

(\text{full pension - two thirds})

Clarification  
The pension is awarded as a result of dedicated and loyal service. When the service rendered by a public officer is deemed to be unsatisfactory, the pension may be computed at a reduced rate.

Inquiries  
Human resources manager of the employee concerned.
Treasury (Service) Pensions at DSS.
2.6 Full pension

Purpose
To outline the instances when a full pension may be granted.

Policy
A full pension may be awarded when:

a) eligible officers celebrate their 60th birthday;
b) members of the Police Force, members of the Armed Forces of Malta and Correctional Facilities complete twenty-five years service or reach fifty five years of age;
c) a pensionable public officer is found unfit for work by a medical board; and
d) in extraordinary circumstances, when a pensionable officer is fifty years or older, on approval of the President of the Republic of Malta.

Public officers as per (a) above are eligible to receive a treasury pension only if they were employed with government before 15th January 1979 and the service rendered was continuous.

Clarification
A full pension consists of two thirds of the last pay that an employee receives before retiring. Employees are only eligible for a full pension if they have completed thirty years service with government. If the reckonable service is less than thirty years then the pension is calculated on a pro-rata basis. In the case of Police Force, AFM and Correctional Services personnel, a full pension is awarded on the completion of twenty five years in the service. If the reckonable service is more than ten years but less than twenty five years, then the pension is also calculated on a pro-rata basis. If the reckonable service is less than ten years then the retiring official is not eligible for a pension.

Procedure
A worked example of the pension to be granted to an officer who has a salary of €14,000 and has twenty nine years service with government, is as follows:

\[
\frac{29 \text{ years}}{540} \times 12 \text{ months} \times €14,000.00 = €9,022.22
\]

Inquiries
Human resources manager of the employee concerned.
Treasury (Service) Pensions at DSS.
2.7 Reckonable service for pension purposes

Purpose
To explain when service is considered to be reckonable for pension purposes.

Policy
Reckonable service commences on the day when the pensionable public officer begins to receive pay, either full or half pay.

Procedure
Service reckonable for pension purposes:

a) all the period of service that is remunerated by full or half salary;

b) absences from work on paid leave or absence from work on unpaid leave, on grounds of public policy;

c) period of dismissal if it is determined that the dismissal was invalid.

Clarification
Service is deducted in the following instances:

a) periods of leave without pay;

b) absences due to industrial action and strikes;

c) service worked before reaching 18 years of age; and

d) when employees were occupying a temporary post, the service is calculated from the date of first employment where the employee worked fifty percent or more of the working days within a twelve month period.

Inquiries
Human resources manager of the employee concerned.
2.8 Retirement date

**Purpose**
To determine the retirement date of an officer.

**Policy**
If employees chose to work until the age of sixty, the last day of work should be a day before their sixtieth birthday. This applies also if employees are on leave, pre-retirement leave or on sick leave.

In view of the clarification below, if officers chose to work beyond sixty years, officers are advised that their last day of work should be two days before their sixty-first birthday and their retirement date one day before.

**Clarification**
If officers continue to work until their sixty-first birthday, the pension due under the Pensions Ordinance will be calculated on the two thirds pension. However the pension must be increased by $1/80$ for every year over sixty whilst the gratuity decreases by $1/80$ for every year over sixty.

**Inquiries**
Human resources manager of the employee concerned.
2.9 Pensionable Officers with Entities

**Purpose**
To determine eligible officers who are employed with an entity.

**Policy**
When a pensionable officer takes up full employment with an entity, the employment of that officer shall be considered service with the Government for pension purposes. These officers shall be entitled to a pension and gratuity under the Pensions Ordinance upon termination of service with the entity as if the service was service with the Government. These entities have to contribute to the Government the difference between the pension and gratuity payable at the time of retirement and the pension and gratuity computed had the pensioner retired while still in Government service.

**Clarification**
Public officers who are detailed with an entity and who take up permanent employment with the same entity shall have their pension based on the salary of the government service grade analogous to the grade last held with the entity, provided that this grade does not exceed Scale 3 in the Public Service.

A committee shall be set up to classify posts with the entity to their corresponding post in the Public Service according to established criteria such as job description, skills, responsibilities etc. The classification shall in each case be subject to the final approval of the Minister responsible for Finance.

Officers who do not take up permanent employment with the entity shall have their pension based on their last substantive grade with the Government.

**Inquiries**
Treasury (Service) Pensions at DSS.
### 2.10 Widows and Orphans pension

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Purpose</strong></th>
<th>To outline the eligibility requirements for the payment of the Widows and Orphans Pension and the amount payable.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Eligibility</strong></td>
<td>Only public officers who commenced work before May 1979 can benefit from this pension. The widow and children of public officers who occupied a pensionable post and contributed to the Widows and Orphans scheme are entitled to this pension. Contributors to this scheme who were confirmed as pensionable on a personal basis also qualify for this pension.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Procedure</strong></td>
<td>The pension is payable to the widow of the contributor and the children of the widow or in some cases children of the deceased from a previous marriage; where these dependants are under eighteen years of age. The amount of the Pension that the widow receives cannot exceed €76.87 per month. This amount is awarded over and above the Social Security pension.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inquiries</strong></td>
<td>Treasury (Service) Pensions at DSS.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.11 Work after the award of a pension

**Purpose**
To give details of the pension due to officers who retire before sixty years of age and perform work against payment.

**Policy**
Pensionable officers who retire on the recommendation of a medical board and take up paid employment between the retirement date and their sixtieth birthday will have their pension reduced.

The income from further employment being received together with the pension must not exceed the pay the officers would have received had they remained in government employment. The pension is reduced according to how much the total income received from employment and pension exceeds the officers’ last pay.

Nonetheless, pensioners are entitled to a minimum of €116.47 per year. When pensioners reach the age of sixty they are entitled to a full pension.

**Clarification**
The above policy does not apply to members of the Police Force, the Armed Forces of Malta, the Correctional Facilities or the Civil Protection who have reached fifty five years of age or have completed twenty five years service. However, officers in these disciplinary forces who have not completed twenty five years service or have not yet reached their fifty-fifth birthday, and retire on medical grounds, and then take up paid employment, will have their pension reduced as outlined above.

**Procedure**
DSS must be informed if the pensioner is performing work with pay, before the age of 60 years. In cases of Police, AFM and Correctional Facilities pensioners, the Treasury must be informed if the pensioner is performing work with pay, before the age of 55 years or until the pensioner would have completed 25 years in the service, depending on which comes first.

**Inquiries**
Treasury (Service) Pensions at DSS.